

RECEIPT # 60739
AMOUNT \$ 750
SUMMONS ISSUED Y-7
LOCAL RULE 4.1 _____
WAIVER FORM _____
MCF ISSUED _____
BY DPTY. CLK. M
DATE 12-13-04

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS

2004 DEC 10 P 5:22

CONVERSE INC.,

Plaintiff,

vs.

ALON INTERNATIONAL S.A.,

Defendant.

DOCKET NO.:

04 12591 PBS

MAGISTRATE JUDGE Cohen

COMPLAINT

The Parties To The Action

1. Plaintiff Converse Inc. (at times Plaintiff or "Converse"), is a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Delaware and has a principal place of business in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

2. Defendant Alon International S.A. (at times Defendant or "Alon") is a foreign corporation organized under the laws of the Republic of Panama and which has, at all times relevant, conducted business in Brazil.

The Personal And Subject Matter Jurisdiction Of The Court

3. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over this action in accordance with 28 U.S.C. § 1332 in that there is complete diversity of citizenship and the injunctive and

declaratory relief sought herein has a value in excess of \$75,000, exclusive of interest and costs.

4. The Court has personal jurisdiction over Alon in that said Defendant expressly or impliedly consented to the jurisdiction of the Court. Alternatively, personal jurisdiction exists under the laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

The Business Relationship Between The Parties

5. Converse is a seller of athletic and leisure footwear, activewear, and accessories manufactured for Converse using the Converse name and trademarks. Converse is also a licensor of the Converse name and trademarks in areas outside of the states and territories of the United States of America.

6. On or about September 1, 2001, the parties entered into a Manufacturing, Distribution, And License Agreement Between Converse, Inc. and Alon International S.A. ("Agreement"). A true and accurate copy of the Agreement is attached hereto as **Exhibit A** and incorporated by reference herein.

7. The Agreement delimits a business relationship between Converse as licensor and Alon as licensee in which Alon was permitted to utilize certain Converse trademarks in the countries of Brazil, Argentina, Paraguay, and Uruguay.

8. The Agreement is for a finite period of time and expires on its own terms on December 31, 2004. In consideration for the limited license to utilize Converse trademarks in

the foregoing countries, Alon was obligated to fulfill numerous conditions, requirements, and provisions of the Agreement.

9. The Agreement, *inter alia*, requires Alon to: (a) refrain from sublicensing or assigning any of Alon's rights granted by the Agreement without obtaining prior approval (§§ 29, 35); (b) expend reasonable sums amounting to 5% or more of Alon's net sales per contract year for advertising licensed articles bearing Converse trademarks (§ 7(d)); and (c) to pay Converse royalties (§ 15).

10. The royalty payments under the Agreement are based upon a percentage of net sales by Alon, subject to a guaranteed annual minimum royalty per contract year.

11. The Agreement also contains a choice of law provision requiring the application of the law of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts (§ 32) and provides for the arbitration of disputes between the parties in Boston, Massachusetts under the auspices of the American Arbitration Association (§ 33).

The Malfeasance Of Alon In Violation Of The Agreement

12. In November Converse first saw copies of a number of contracts Alon had with Coopershoes Cooperativa De Calcados E Componentes Joanetense LTDA ("Coopershoes"). These contracts included: (a) a Distribution and Copyright Licensing Contract (true and accurate copy attached hereto as **Exhibit B**); (b) a Professional and Technical Service Contract (true and accurate copy attached hereto as **Exhibit C**); and (c) a "Main Contract" (true and

accurate copy attached hereto as **Exhibit D**). The foregoing shall be collectively referred to as “Coopershoes Contracts” and are dated July 24, 2002.

13. The Coopershoes Contracts violate the Agreement, *inter alia*, in that they are an impermissible sublicensing of Converse trademarks. In addition, the Coopershoes Contracts constitute an attempted subterfuge in which Alon would receive “royalty” payments for the use of Converse trademarks in the guise of providing technical/advisory services.

14. In addition, Alon has, among other acts: (a) failed to pay royalties to Converse in violation of Paragraph 15(a) of the Agreement; (b) used improper exchange rates to calculate royalty payments; and (c) failed to expend sums required by the Agreement for the advertising of goods bearing Converse trademarks.

15. As a result of the foregoing breaches of the Agreement, Converse has suffered substantial harm, including, *inter alia*: (a) dilution and/or devaluation of its trademarks; (b) monetary losses of at least \$450,000 due to Alon miscalculating royalty payments; and (c) lost royalties of approximately \$4,000,000. Alon has been unjustly enriched in the amount of approximately \$4,450,000.

16. On or about November 30, 2004, Converse, acting by and through its counsel, notified Alon that Defendant was in breach of the terms of the Agreement and provided Alon with the opportunity to cure its violations. Converse also notified Alon on said date that if Converse’s claims were not resolved within thirty days, Converse would pursue its arbitration rights under Paragraph 33 of the Agreement.

17. As of the instant date, Alon has not cured its breaches of the Agreement.

Moreover, it has denied Converse's claims, has demanded that Converse withdraw its demand for arbitration, and has refused to arbitrate the dispute between the parties.

18. Given the scope and breadth of the arbitration clause at issue in the Agreement, the refusal to arbitrate amounts to a further violation of the Agreement.

19. Paragraph 33 of the Agreement states *inter alia*:

[t]he parties shall attempt to settle all controversies and disputes arising hereunder amicably, promptly and fairly. Any controversy or claim arising out of or relating directly or indirectly to this Agreement, including but not limited to transactions pursuant thereto, rights and obligations of the parties thereunder, the capacity or authority of the parties thereto, the performance or breach thereof, and the termination, renewal or non-renewal thereof, not capable of satisfactory amicable resolution within thirty (30) days after written notice sent by one party to the other setting forth with specificity any such controversy or claim, shall be settled by arbitration in accordance with the Rules of the American Arbitration Association. The award shall be made by a single arbitrator, selected pursuant to the rules of the American Arbitration Association. The parties expressly agree that arbitration shall be held in the offices of the American Arbitration Association in Boston, Massachusetts, U.S.A., or such other locations within the Commonwealth of Massachusetts as the American Arbitration Association may direct....

20. The foregoing arbitration clause is valid, enforceable, and Converse has fulfilled any and all conditions precedent necessary to invoke the arbitration clause.

Count I, Claim For Injunctive Relief

21. Plaintiff incorporates Paragraphs 1-20 as if fully set forth herein.

22. On or about December 8, 2004, Converse became aware that Alon had retained counsel in Brazil. Upon information and belief, Alon intends to file suit against Converse in

Brazil in the immediate future. The anticipated suit in Brazil will encompass claims within the scope of the arbitration clause of the Agreement. Alon's anticipated suit in Brazil is sham litigation calculated to deprive Converse of arbitration rights that it expressly bargained for in the Agreement. Alon's anticipated suit in Brazil is also an attempt to prolong the dispute between the parties, to prevent a prompt resolution of the dispute by arbitration, and to use the process of civil litigation to extort a resolution to the dispute that is more favorable to Alon. Converse faces imminent and certain harm as a result of the anticipated litigation in Brazeil.

23. On or about December 7, 2004, Converse became aware that Alon had retained counsel in Florida, to wit, Edwin H. Davis, Jr., of the Astigarraga Davis firm, located at 701 Brickell Avenue, Miami. Alon's Florida counsel has refused to recognize the clear effect and meaning of the arbitration clause of the Agreement. Upon information and belief, Alon intends to file suit against Converse in Florida and said suit will encompass claims within the scope of the arbitration clause of the Agreement. Alon's anticipated suit in Florida is sham litigation calculated to deprive Converse of arbitration rights that it expressly bargained for in the Agreement. Alon's anticipated suit in Florida is also an attempt to prolong the dispute between the parties, to prevent a prompt resolution of the dispute by arbitration, and to use the process of civil litigation to extort a resolution to the dispute that is more favorable to Alon. Converse faces imminent and certain harm as a result of the anticipated litigation in Florida.

24. The malfeasance set forth in Paragraph 22-23, as aforesaid, is an attempt at forum shopping by Alon in violation of the clear language and intent of the Agreement.

25. Alon's refusal to submit the dispute between the parties to arbitration and its expressed intention to file lawsuits in clear violation of the Agreement has caused, and will continue to cause, Converse to suffer irreparable harm for which there is no adequate remedy at law.

26. Converse is likely to ultimately succeed on the merits of its claim against Alon, both in terms of compelling Alon to submit to arbitration before the American Arbitration Association in Boston, Massachusetts, and on the merits of its claim.

27. If injunctive relief is not granted, Converse will suffer substantial harm, as aforesaid. In contrast, the injunctive relief sought herein will merely compel Alon to fulfill its obligations under the Agreement. Moreover, the injunctive relief sought herein will not deprive Alon of the ability to defend on the merits since Alon will be able to assert any defenses that it has against Converse's claims in a proper forum—arbitration before the American Arbitration Association in Boston, Massachusetts.

28. The injunctive relief sought herein will not adversely affect the public interest. In fact, requiring Alon to submit to arbitration will fulfill the important public interests of enforcing alternate dispute resolution agreements and the conservation of judicial resources.

29. Converse is entitled to temporary and permanent injunctive relief precluding Alon from filing suit in Brazil, Florida, or in any other jurisdiction relating to any controversy or claim arising out of or relating directly or indirectly to the Agreement.

30. Converse is entitled to temporary and permanent injunctive relief requiring Alon to submit to arbitration before the American Arbitration Association in Boston, Massachusetts any and all controversies or claims arising out of or relating directly or indirectly to the Agreement.

31. Converse is entitled to temporary and permanent injunctive relief requiring Alon to submit to arbitration before the American Arbitration Association in Boston, Massachusetts the question of whether the dispute between Converse and Alon is arbitrable, including any and all claims or causes of action that Alon may assert in any forum. To the extent that Alon asserts claims against Converse in any forum relating to any controversy or claim arising out of or relating directly or indirectly to the Agreement, including, without limitation, claims of tortious interference with contract, unfair business practices, bad faith, and/or unfair trade practices, the question of whether said claims are actually subject to arbitration must be decided by the American Arbitration Association in Boston, Massachusetts and not a court in a forum such as Brazil or Florida.

32. To the extent that Alon files suit in any forum prior to the granting of temporary or permanent injunctive relief to Converse, Plaintiff is also entitled to an anti-suit injunction requiring Alon to dismiss said suit(s), subject to the penalties of contempt of this Court.

II. Count II, Claim For Declaratory Judgment

33. Plaintiff incorporates Paragraphs 1-24 as if fully set forth herein.

34. Chapter 231A, § 1 of the Massachusetts General Laws and Title 28, § 2201 of the United States Code, both allow the Court to make “binding declarations of right, duty, status and other legal relations sought thereby, either before or after a breach or violation thereof has occurred in any case in which an actual controversy has arisen....”

35. In this case, an actual controversy exists as to whether the dispute between Converse and Alon described herein is subject to arbitration in accordance with Paragraph 33 of the Agreement.

36. Despite the clear language of the Agreement pertaining to arbitration as aforesaid, Alon intends to force Converse into litigation and has refused arbitration.

37. Converse is entitled to a declaratory judgment that any and all controversies or claims arising out of or relating directly or indirectly to the Agreement are subject to the arbitration clause set forth in Paragraph 33 of the Agreement.

38. Converse is entitled to a declaratory judgment requiring Alon to arbitrate any and all controversies or claims arising out of or relating directly or indirectly to the Agreement, as set forth in Paragraph 33 of the Agreement.

39. Converse is entitled to a declaratory judgment and order compelling Alon to submit to arbitration before the American Arbitration Association in Boston, Massachusetts the question of whether the dispute between Converse and Alon is arbitrable, including any and all

claims or causes of action that Alon may assert in any forum. To the extent that Alon asserts claims against Converse in any forum relating to any controversy or claim arising out of or relating directly or indirectly to the Agreement, including, without limitation, claims of tortious interference with contract, unfair business practices, bad faith, and/or unfair trade practices, the question of whether said claims are actually subject to arbitration must be decided by the American Arbitration Association in Boston, Massachusetts and not a court in a forum such as Brazil or Florida.

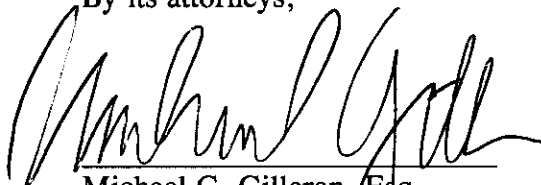
40. Converse is further entitled to any other declaratory relief deemed appropriate by the Court.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff respectfully demands:

1. As to Count I, temporary and permanent injunctive relief as sought herein, or, on such terms as are deemed appropriate by the Court;
2. As to Count II, a declaratory judgment as sought herein, or, on such terms as are deemed appropriate by the Court;
3. Costs;
4. Attorneys' fees;
5. Any other relief in law or in equity deemed appropriate by the Court.

CONVERSE INC.

By its attorneys,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Michael C. Gilleran", written over a horizontal line.

Michael C. Gilleran, Esq.

PEPE & HAZARD LLP

225 Franklin Street

Boston, Massachusetts 02110

(617) 695-9090

(617) 748-5555 *facsimile*

Dated: December 10, 2004

JS 44
(Rev. 3/99)**CIVIL COVER SHEET**

The JS-44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON THE REVERSE OF THE FORM.)

I. (a) PLAINTIFFS

Converse, Inc.

DEFENDANTS

Alon International S.A.

(b) COUNTY OF RESIDENCE OF FIRST LISTED PLAINTIFF Essex County
(EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)

COUNTY OF RESIDENCE OF FIRST LISTED DEFENDANT M.P.
(IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY)

NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE TRACT OF LAND INVOLVED.

(c) ATTORNEYS (FIRM NAME, ADDRESS, AND TELEPHONE NUMBER)

Michael C. Gilleran
Pepe & Hazard LLP
Boston, MA 02110

ATTORNEYS (IF KNOWN)

04^{CV} 12591 PBS

II. BASIS OF JURISDICTION (PLACE AN "X" IN ONE BOX ONLY)

- ☐ 1 U.S. Government Plaintiff
- ☐ 2 U.S. Government Defendant
- ☐ 3 Federal Question (U.S. Government Not a Party)
- ☐ 4 Diversity (Indicate Citizenship of Parties in Item III)

III. CITIZENSHIP OF PRINCIPAL PARTIES (PLACE AN "X" IN ONE BOX FOR PLAINTIFF AND ONE BOX FOR DEFENDANT)

- | | | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|---|----------------------------|
| PTF | DEF | PTF | DEF |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1 | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 | <input type="checkbox"/> 4 | <input type="checkbox"/> 4 |
| Citizen of This State | | Incorporated or Principal Place of Business In This State | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 2 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2 | <input type="checkbox"/> 5 | <input type="checkbox"/> 5 |
| Citizen of Another State | | Incorporated and Principal Place of Business In Another State | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 3 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3 | <input type="checkbox"/> 6 | <input type="checkbox"/> 6 |
| Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country | | Foreign Nation | |

IV. NATURE OF SUIT (PLACE AN "X" IN ONE BOX ONLY)

CONTRACT	TORTS	FORFEITURE/PENALTY	BANKRUPTCY	OTHER STATUTES
<input type="checkbox"/> 110 Insurance <input type="checkbox"/> 120 Marine <input type="checkbox"/> 130 Miller Act <input type="checkbox"/> 140 Negotiable Instrument <input type="checkbox"/> 150 Recovery of Overpayment & Enforcement of Judgment <input type="checkbox"/> 151 Medicare Act <input type="checkbox"/> 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans (Excl. Veterans) <input type="checkbox"/> 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits <input type="checkbox"/> 160 Stockholders' Suits <input type="checkbox"/> 190 Other Contract <input type="checkbox"/> 195 Contract Product Liability	PERSONAL INJURY <input type="checkbox"/> 310 Airplane <input type="checkbox"/> 315 Airplane Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 320 Assault, Libel & Slander <input type="checkbox"/> 330 Federal Employers' Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 340 Marine <input type="checkbox"/> 345 Marine Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 350 Motor Vehicle <input type="checkbox"/> 355 Motor Vehicle Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 360 Other Personal Injury	PERSONAL INJURY <input type="checkbox"/> 362 Personal Injury — Med. Malpractice <input type="checkbox"/> 365 Personal Injury — Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability	<input type="checkbox"/> 422 Appeal 28 USC 158 <input type="checkbox"/> 423 Withdrawal 28 USC 157 PROPERTY RIGHTS <input type="checkbox"/> 820 Copyrights <input type="checkbox"/> 830 Patent <input type="checkbox"/> 840 Trademark	<input type="checkbox"/> 400 State Reapportionment <input type="checkbox"/> 410 Antitrust <input type="checkbox"/> 430 Banks and Banking <input type="checkbox"/> 450 Commerce/ICC Rates/etc. <input type="checkbox"/> 460 Deportation <input type="checkbox"/> 470 Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations <input type="checkbox"/> 810 Selective Service <input type="checkbox"/> 850 Securities/Commodities/Exchange <input type="checkbox"/> 875 Customer Challenge 12 USC 3410 <input type="checkbox"/> 891 Agricultural Acts <input type="checkbox"/> 892 Economic Stabilization Act <input type="checkbox"/> 893 Environmental Matters <input type="checkbox"/> 894 Energy Allocation Act <input type="checkbox"/> 895 Freedom of Information Act <input type="checkbox"/> 900 Appeal of Fee Determination Under Equal Access to Justice <input type="checkbox"/> 950 Constitutionality of State Statutes <input type="checkbox"/> 890 Other Statutory Actions
REAL PROPERTY <input type="checkbox"/> 210 Land Condemnation <input type="checkbox"/> 220 Foreclosure <input type="checkbox"/> 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment <input type="checkbox"/> 240 Torts to Land <input type="checkbox"/> 245 Tort Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 290 All Other Real Property	CIVIL RIGHTS <input type="checkbox"/> 441 Voting <input type="checkbox"/> 442 Employment <input type="checkbox"/> 443 Housing/Accommodations <input type="checkbox"/> 444 Welfare <input type="checkbox"/> 440 Other Civil Rights	PRISONER PETITIONS <input type="checkbox"/> 510 Motions to Vacate Sentence HABEAS CORPUS: <input type="checkbox"/> 530 General <input type="checkbox"/> 535 Death Penalty <input type="checkbox"/> 540 Mandamus & Other <input type="checkbox"/> 550 Civil Rights <input type="checkbox"/> 555 Prison Condition	LABOR <input type="checkbox"/> 610 Agriculture <input type="checkbox"/> 620 Other Food & Drug <input type="checkbox"/> 625 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 881 <input type="checkbox"/> 630 Liquor Laws <input type="checkbox"/> 640 R.R. & Truck <input type="checkbox"/> 650 Airline Regs. <input type="checkbox"/> 660 Occupational Safety/Health <input type="checkbox"/> 690 Other <input type="checkbox"/> 710 Fair Labor Standards Act <input type="checkbox"/> 720 Labor/Mgmt. Relations <input type="checkbox"/> 730 Labor/Mgmt. Reporting & Disclosure Act <input type="checkbox"/> 740 Railway Labor Act <input type="checkbox"/> 790 Other Labor Litigation <input type="checkbox"/> 791 Empl. Ret. Inc. Security Act	SOCIAL SECURITY <input type="checkbox"/> 861 HIA (1395ff) <input type="checkbox"/> 862 Black Lung (923) <input type="checkbox"/> 863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g)) <input type="checkbox"/> 864 SSID Title XVI <input type="checkbox"/> 865 RSI (405(g)) FEDERAL TAX SUITS <input type="checkbox"/> 870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant) <input type="checkbox"/> 871 IRS — Third Party 26 USC 7609

V. ORIGIN

(PLACE AN "X" IN ONE BOX ONLY)

- ☐ 1 Original Proceeding
- ☐ 2 Removed from State Court
- ☐ 3 Remanded from Appellate Court
- ☐ 4 Reinstated or Reopened
- ☐ 5 Transferred from another district (specify)
- ☐ 6 Multidistrict Litigation
- ☐ 7 Appeal to District Judge from Magistrate Judgment

VI. CAUSE OF ACTION

(CITE THE U.S. CIVIL STATUTE UNDER WHICH YOU ARE FILING AND WRITE BRIEF STATEMENT OF CAUSE. DO NOT CITE JURISDICTIONAL STATUTES UNLESS DIVERSITY.)

Converse is seeking declaratory and injunctive relief, under the Federal Declaratory Judgment statute, 28 USC section 2201 and Massachusetts Declaratory Statute, M.G.L. c. 231A, section 1, that disputes between Converse and Alon are subject to their agreement for arbitration

VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:

CHECK IF THIS IS A CLASS ACTION UNDER F.R.C.P. 23

DEMAND \$

CHECK YES only if demanded in complaint:

JURY DEMAND:

☐ YES ☐ NO**VIII. RELATED CASE(S) IF ANY** (See instructions):

JUDGE

DOCKET NUMBER

DATE

SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY OF RECORD

FOR OFFICE USE ONLY

RECEIPT # _____ AMOUNT _____ APPLYING IFP _____ JUDGE _____ MAG. JUDGE _____

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS

1. TITLE OF CASE (NAME OF FIRST PARTY ON EACH SIDE ONLY) Converse, Inc. vs.
Alon International S.A.
2. CATEGORY IN WHICH THE CASE BELONGS BASED UPON THE NUMBERED NATURE OF SUIT CODE LISTED ON THE CIVIL COVER SHEET. (SEE LOCAL RULE 40.1(A)(1)).
- I. 160, 410, 470, R.23, REGARDLESS OF NATURE OF SUIT.
- X II. 195, 368, 400, 440, 441-444, 540, 550, 555, 625, 710, 720, 730, 740, 790, 791, 820*, 830*, 840*, 850, 890, 892-894, 895, 950. *Also complete AO 120 or AO 121 for patent, trademark or copyright cases
- III. 110, 120, 130, 140, 151, 190, 210, 230, 240, 245, 290, 310, 315, 320, 330, 340, 345, 350, 355, 360, 362, 365, 370, 371, 380, 385, 450, 891.
- IV. 220, 422, 423, 430, 460, 510, 530, 610, 620, 630, 640, 650, 660, 690, 810, 861-865, 870, 871, 875, 900.
- V. 150, 152, 153.
3. TITLE AND NUMBER, IF ANY, OF RELATED CASES. (SEE LOCAL RULE 40.1(E)).
N/A
4. HAS A PRIOR ACTION BETWEEN THE SAME PARTIES AND BASED ON THE SAME CLAIM EVER BEEN FILED IN THIS COURT? YES ☐ NO ☒
5. DOES THE COMPLAINT IN THIS CASE QUESTION THE CONSTITUTIONALITY OF AN ACT OF CONGRESS AFFECTING THE PUBLIC INTEREST? (SEE 28 USC 1403) YES ☐ NO ☒
IF SO, IS THE U.S.A. OR AN OFFICER, AGENT OR EMPLOYEE OF THE U.S. A PARTY? YES ☐ NO ☒
6. IS THIS CASE REQUIRED TO BE HEARD AND DETERMINED BY A DISTRICT COURT OF THREE JUDGES PURSUANT TO TITLE 28 USC 2284? YES ☐ NO ☒
7. DO ALL PARTIES IN THIS ACTION RESIDE IN THE CENTRAL SECTION OF THE DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS (WORCESTER COUNTY) - (SEE LOCAL RULE 40.1(C)). YES ☐ NO ☒ N/A
OR IN THE WESTERN SECTION (BERKSHIRE, FRANKLIN, HAMPDEN OR HAMPSHIRE COUNTIES)? - (SEE LOCAL RULE 40.1(D)). YES ☐ NO ☐
8. DO ALL OF THE PARTIES RESIDING IN MASSACHUSETTS RESIDE IN THE CENTRAL AND/OR WESTERN SECTIONS OF THE DISTRICT? YES ☐ NO ☐
(a) IF YES, IN WHICH SECTION DOES THE PLAINTIFF RESIDE? _____
9. IN WHICH SECTION DO ONLY PARTIES RESIDING IN MASSACHUSETTS RESIDE? _____
10. IF ANY OF THE PARTIES ARE THE UNITED STATES, COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS, OR ANY GOVERNMENTAL AGENCY OF THE U.S.A. OR THE COMMONWEALTH, DO ALL OTHER PARTIES RESIDE IN THE
CENTRAL SECTION: YES ☐ NO ☐ OR WESTERN SECTION: YES ☐ NO ☐

(PLEASE TYPE OR PRINT)

ATTORNEY'S NAME Michael C. GilleranADDRESS Pepe & Hazard LLP, 225 Franklin Street, Boston, MA 02110-2804TELEPHONE NO. 617 748-5500

(Categrm.rev - 3/97)